





The News.

Gov. Yates, of Illinois, appointed the following Commissioners to Washington: Stephen T. Logan, Judge Palmer, Ex-Gov. Wood, B. C. Cook and John J. Turner.

The Governor of Indiana has appointed Hon. C. D. Smith, P. A. Hackleman, G. S. Orth, E. W. H. Ellis and T. C. Slaughter Commissioners to Washington.

In the Michigan Senate Friday a resolution authorizing the Government to appoint five Commissioners to Washington was rejected—yeas 16, nays 16.

The pay of the Kentucky Commissioners to Washington is per diem and mileage of Congressmen.

The exports of the United States within the last year amount to the enormous sum of \$400,000,000, and the imports to \$362,000,000. Balance of trade in our favor, \$38,000,000.

The Governor of Indiana has, within a few days past, written to all the County Auditors of the State, in order to ascertain the number and condition of the arms in the State, and its general capability in a military way.

Hon. Thomas Ewing, Jr., of Cincinnati, is a candidate for U. S. Senator in the Kansas Legislature.

As the Legislature of North Carolina has re-elected Thomas M. Canning to the United States Senate for six years from the 4th of March next, it looks as if North Carolina and Mr. Canning had some hopes of remaining in the Union.

The great amount of snow at the East is shown by a remarkable accident which occurred at Brooklyn, N. Y., on Wednesday night. The roof of a dwelling-house was crushed in by the weight of the snow, and the whole family was destroyed in consequence.

Germany is threatening little Denmark with war, and Russia protests against it. Russia thinks if Germany wants a war, she had better choose a nation equal to her in strength.

The failure in Havana of the respectable house of Stetson & Co., for \$2,200,000, had created a great sensation among the merchants there, particularly on the discovery of the frauds upon the sugar warehouses, by false warehouse certificates, which were deposited by this house with the Bank of Havana.

It is more than likely that the Brooklyn reinforced Fort Sumter over cover of darkness, on the night boats were fired into from Fort Moultrie, with two artillery companies. The troops were sent in from the steamer outside the bar in small boats. It is obvious that there was some detention between New York and Pensacola.

A New Orleans banker has sued a St. Louis banker for a large sum. The latter asks for a dismissal of the suit, on the ground that the plaintiffs are alien enemies of the United States, and have no right to maintain any suit in a Missouri Court.

The Ohio Legislature has under consideration a bill to punish the managers of the Underground Railroad.

The Grand Jury in the city of New York has presented Mayor Wood's message as a sedition document. This is probably a mere political trick of the Mayor's enemies.

Among the Commissioners from New York to the Virginia Convention are two conservative, able Democrats—Green C. Bronson and Erasmus Corning.

Hon. Horace Greeley will lecture at Springfield, Ill., on Tuesday. Horace could mention how it is that he is so rapid now as to be conservative prior to the election.

Here is another sign at secession: The politicians of Pennsylvania are resolved that the Morrill Tariff Bill must become a law. They threaten that if it is not passed they will defeat all measures for raising money to carry on the Government.

A soldier in Fort Sumter, writing to his sister in Cincinnati, says the crowd in Sumter is small, but can do great execution. He also says there are five batteries ready to open on Sumter, and an army of 10,000 men ready to fight severely.

It is stated that the resolutions of the Illinois Legislature on the proposition to send Commissioners to Washington, were prepared under Lincoln's supervision. The resolutions express a desire for the return of harmony—although not recognizing the necessity of Constitutional amendments—and a willingness to make an earnest effort at adjustment.

The Pennsylvania Commissioners, known to fame, are William M. Meredith, David Wilcox, William McKean and Jas. Pollock. Mr. Meredith is the Secretary of the Treasury under General Taylor. Mr. McKean was formerly a distinguished Whig member of Congress from Western Pennsylvania, and Mr. Wilcox is notorious as the author of the celebrated Proviso bearing his name. Mr. Pollock is the late Gov. of the State.

The Countess on the Merchants' Bank—It seems that quite a gang of Northern villains are traveling through the South, circulating the new counterfeit money. We have already mentioned the arrest of two of these characters at New Orleans, and we now learn that three more of the gang have been arrested in Montgomery, Ala., as we find by the Montgomery Advertiser of the 23d inst. Other parties have been arrested at St. Louis and New Orleans.

The Southern Confederacy.—The States which have withdrawn from the Union are ready to hold a Convention at Montgomery, Ala., for the purpose of consulting with each other as to the most effectual mode of securing consolidated and harmonious action in whatever measures may be deemed most desirable for their common peace and safety, and all the slaveholding States have been invited to send delegates to the Convention. It is expected to frame a Provisional Government for the Southern Confederacy. The following delegates have been already appointed by their respective States:

Alabama: Robert H. Walker, David P. Lewis, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Florida: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Georgia: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

South Carolina: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Mississippi: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Louisiana: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Arkansas: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Texas: William D. M. Jones, James Powers, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

Alabama: Robert H. Walker, David P. Lewis, John H. Miller, John H. Miller, John H. Miller.

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LETTER FROM FRANKFORT.

[Special Correspondence of the Democrat.]

FRANKFORT, KY., February 2, 1862.

Masses Hither, Hither & Co.

Genl. Not much news made here today. The Senate was engaged in the ordinary business of legislation. They discharged their free Federal relations yesterday, and had nothing exciting before them. The dispatches led the ardent friends of the Union to hope for better things than surrender; but rumors of a fight at Charleston cast some gloom over the whole matter.

Mr. John O. Harrison introduced, yesterday, a resolution requesting the withdrawal of troops from Fort Sumter. It came up today, and, after some debate, the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Commonwealth. We believe it would be a relief to the country if Fort Sumter was in the hands of South Carolina, as she wants a fight, and this is her excuse for it; but to request the President to withdraw the troops, would be a request to him to violate his oath, and a second to the South Carolina demand, indeed, implied a demand to her attack upon the fort, if her demand is not acceded to. We don't believe Kentucky would second such a demand on the part of South Carolina. Fort Sumter is not disturbing her, and her possession of it in haste is not included even in her right of Secession. She has about as much right to attack the property of a private citizen, let her wait, and if this matter is not settled, Fort Sumter is here, of course, when she pays for it. This State is against a Union by force.

After the House had gone into a Committee of the Whole, Mr. Underwood took the floor, as was expected. He made an argumentative speech for the Union, covering the whole ground. The chief objection to his length. We were compelled to leave before he concluded. He said, as we left, that he would finish on the fourth of March. He speaks very deliberately, and, as he had a wide field, could hardly occupy less time. He was a member of the Committee on Territories in 1850, and stated clearly the understanding at that time, that the whole subject of slavery was to be excluded from Congress and left to the people of the Territories.

The subject of Federal relations, reported in the House yesterday, is not disposed of, but it is settled that this State will take no precipitation.

REPORTER.

Working-men, Rally!!

We are requested to call the attention of the Working-men to meetings at their Club-rooms as follows, during the week:

Seventh and Eighth Wards—At Bell's Hall, corner of Market and Eleventh streets, on Wednesday night.

Second and Third Wards—At Schwind's Exchange, on Jefferson street, below Clay, on Thursday night.

Third and Fourth Wards—At Apollo Hall, corner of First and Jefferson streets, on Friday night.

All Working-men who desire to co-operate are invited to attend.

WORKING MEN'S CONVENTION LAST NIGHT.

The Convention of the National Party held last night at the Courthouse. Mr. William Bradley was called to the Chair, and Mr. Alf. S. Kieroff chosen Secretary.

The Chairman explained the object of the meeting to be the appointment of Delegates to the National Convention at Philadelphia on the 23d inst.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to report two delegates, and two alternates, from the Seventh Congressional District, to attend said Convention, viz: J. M. Laughlin, Will Moran, J. B. Curry, Robt. Gilchrist, and A. G. Mann, who retired for consultation.

While the committee were out, Mr. A. G. Mann was called upon, and addressed the convention.

Mr. J. M. Alexander, also being called for, appeared and addressed the convention. The committee then reported as follows:

Delegates—Wm. E. Glover and George Ainslie.

Alternates—John B. Curry and J. M. Moore.

The report was unanimously adopted. After which, they adjourned.

Oh, for one hour of Merriam in this rain-strewn town. The lags of Brooklyn might have been in the clouds of the weather out here, where he probably isn't known, and might take the rain out of the hands of an evidently incompetent official, who ought to succeed. If "it never rains but it pours," what ought we to say when all the weather parties are open. Why, probably, "his sweat (is wet)."

THE STARS AND STRIPES.—We learn that the stars and stripes are soon to wave over our noble Court-house. We understand that a flag, forty by twenty feet, has been ordered, which will be hoisted on a staff seventy feet high. It will contain thirty-four stars—the constellation of the united Republic. Some day this week the flag will be inaugurated with appropriate ceremonies.

Gold-banded tea sets, for \$7 50 and upwards, of 44 pieces, consisting of one tea pot, one sugar bowl, one cream pitcher, one slop bowl, two cake plates, twelve plates, twelve cups and saucers. Cheap, are they not? Can be purchased at Gay's China Palace, corner of Green and Fourth streets; don't forget the place.

A subscriber sends us a note stating that Wm. Lowry has no charge against Mr. McAteer, as published in the Democrat of yesterday. He is sorry the report appeared, and believes Mr. McAteer to be an honest, upright man.

We extend to one and all the invitation to call at Gay's China Palace, and see the fine display of vases, motto cups, card receivers, Parian marble, &c., on exhibition.

A large lot of fine fire sets, coal beds, vases and shovels, at Gay's China Palace.

Fine decorated breakfast, dinner and tea sets at Gay's China Palace, with usual assortment of gold-banded and plain white jappaned wares and tea trays.

Remember that to-morrow, Monday, Feb. 4, at 10 o'clock A. M., I. Grauman, auctioneer, will sell at I. Kahn & Co.'s, 404 Main street, 20 pieces of assorted new style of carpets, also 100 doz. knives and forks, 21 pair old wool blankets, 10 covers, 1 doz. eight day clocks, a huge office writing desk, 3 sofas, 1 sofa, 1 marble top center table, etc., etc. The above mentioned articles will be sold without regard to any prices, to raise money on advances.

CITY COURT.—Harry Murley and Isabella Yarborough, drunk and disorderly conduct; sent to the workhouse for three months in default of \$100 bail. Johanna Smith and George Grimshaw, drunk and disorderly conduct; Smith discharged, and bond of Grimshaw in the sum of \$100 for three months' good behavior. Pat McAteer, charged with stealing a watch from William Lowry; discharged. Mary Ann Lovett, assault on Mrs. Porrett; continued until Saturday next. Henry C. Self and William Burns, stealing cigars from Schultz & Marman and Benjamin Sark; Burns committed to jail in default of \$500 bail; Self gave \$500 bail to appear and answer a charge of felony at the next term of the Jefferson Criminal Court.

COURT OF APPEALS.

FRANKFORT, February 2, 1862.

CARROLL vs. ALLEN, affirmed.

JOHNSON vs. ADAMS, reversed on merits.

Newman vs. Howell, affirmed.

Highland Gap vs. Newberry & Co., affirmed; order of Court reversed on merits.

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Religious Items.

Rev. Geo. M. Ewerhart, the newly-elected pastor of Calvary Church, has arrived, and will preach in said church, on Third street, to-day, at the usual hour.

The Brooklyn (Ind.) American says that Mr. J. W. Hitt of that place has in his possession the finest portrait of John Wesley, the founder of Methodism, and Mr. Fletcher, his distinguished coadjutor, known to be in existence. These portraits were sent from England by Dr. Coke, A. D. 1810, to Rev. Daniel Hitt, of New York.

Mr. J. M. Westfall has resigned the pastoral charge of the Universalist Society, in Lafayette, Ind., and will leave that place in the spring.

Rev. S. R. Wilson, D. D., has resigned the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church in Cincinnati.

Rev. G. V. Glavin, the new Pastor, will preach in the German Reformed Church to-day.

A great revival is now in progress at the Second Methodist Church, in Lexington, under the charge of Rev. G. W. Merritt. The meeting was commenced some three weeks since by Bishop H. H. Kavanaugh, and has been continued by Rev. Mr. Spruells, of Paris, and others. We understand that some eighty persons have attached themselves to the church so far. In the Second Presbyterian Church, under the charge of Rev. R. G. Brank, a revival is also in progress, and we understand many additions to the church have been made during the meeting.

"FEDERALS NOT ALLOWED ABOVE!"—"We wonder if 'Federals are not allowed above!' A placard at the foot of the stairs leading to the cabin of the steamer Telegraph says they are not, but as the signs of the times are dubious, perhaps there is some mistake about it. We have known peddlers to rise above their condition and become great merchants, and finally fill public trusts with honor to themselves and to their countrymen. And as to going to heaven, they have notwithstanding the placard referred to, as good an opportunity as their betters, and perhaps have the front seats of "heaven." We will lay a wager that these words are not posted on the pillars of the gates of Paradise, else peddling politicians stand but a poor chance for future bliss. We hardly imagine that because the money-changers were driven out of the Temple, peddlers are forever interdicted from a calm passage in the voyage of life, and we would say to them in consolation for their forbidding condition in this world, that although here they have to go to the rear doors and stand down stairs, they may, perhaps, if they keep their faces and consciences clean, one of these days be allowed to climb Jacob's ladder and out of the apices and pinnacles of the upper Eden.

THE SILVER CREEK MYSTERY.—The New Albany Ledger, referring to the exposition of the Silver Creek mystery, says it does not explain the mystery in regard to the missing woman at Seymour, which is not cleared up, but merely says that she was written by her from Seymour, was received at New Albany, but it is ascertained that she has not been in Seymour at all since her disappearance, nor is it known who sent the money. It was said by her relatives that she was with a sister in Vienna, but this has also been discovered to be untrue. Where the young woman is, is still a mystery; but it will be found one of these days, in our opinion, that she has gone off with some fellow.

Aside from what is elsewhere chronicled, there was little in the police line last night, although there was a bawdy of drunken men and women lodged in jail.

THEATRE.—The Mirror Webb had last evening greater success than at any time during their engagement. They leave our city for Milwaukee immediately, and their departure will be regretted by all the habitual theatre-goers.

On Monday evening will be presented, for the first time, the great drama of Colleen Bawn. We have heard of this play for nearly two years, and each notice of it has more and more inspired us with the desire to see it. The sensation which it has created elsewhere is almost unparalleled in the annals of the theatre. The mechanical effects in the second act are wonderful, and altogether, we anticipate such a treat to-morrow evening, as has rarely been had by the people of Louisville.

Thanks to Mr. Nunemacher, messenger of Adams & Co.'s Express, for St. Louis papers, and to Mr. Sullivan for Cincinnati papers of yesterday.

UNION SENTINEL IN LEXINGTON.—In the last few days the "stars and stripes" have been thrown to the breeze at several points across Main street, and from the tops of many of the leading business houses and private dwellings in different parts of the city.

HOLMAN'S JUVENILE OPERA TROUPE.—Our readers will recollect the great enthusiasm with which the "Marsh Troupe" of Juveniles were received all over the country, some years ago. Well, here we have an improvement on that Lilliputian band, in the troupe whose name heads this article. They come to us with the warmest recommendations and best wishes from the press, wherever they have given exhibitions and the completeness with which they render the popular music operas and burlesques, is described as being remarkable. We refer our readers to the advertisement, which is to be found under the proper head, and would say, when found, "Make a note of it."

FIRE AT NEW ALBANY.—Last evening about half-past six o'clock, a frame house in the lower part of New Albany was consumed by fire. We did not learn the particulars.

ROW AT THE THEATRE.—Last evening a young man, of respectable appearance, made so much disturbance that Officer Kirkpatrick had to take him out. When on the sidewalk, he used such threatening language that Mr. Kirkpatrick took him to jail.

KANSAS.—The State officers elected in December, 1860, will assume office at once, Congress having passed the bill of admission. They are as follows: Governor.....Charles Robinson. Lieutenant Governor.....P. Root. Secretary of State.....Martin P. Conway. Commissioner of Agriculture.....J. C. Johnson. Superintendent of Public Lands.....W. B. Granger. State Auditor.....George H. Hillyer. Attorney General.....J. P. Simpson. State Engineer.....W. H. Granger. State Geologist.....N. A. Kingman. State Assessor.....D. H. Kelley.

SACRIFICE OF AN OATH.—It seems that indelicacy is about to take the place of raffishism in the ranks of the Union Army. Men swear to support the Constitution of the United States, and then use their official power to destroy it. This seems common. South Carolina and Alabama are now, through their office holders, violating a solemn oath. An oath of office is of no value!

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KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 2, 1862.

THE SENATE.—A reconsideration of the vote rejecting the resolution from the Committee on Finance, to appoint Commissioners to visit sites for Western Lateral Railway, was ordered to-day.

A bill to amend the charter of the Louisville Masonic Temple Company, having been amended by the House, under a dispensation of the rules, the Senate took it up and concurred in the amendment.

The Senate resumed the consideration of a bill for the benefit of the Sheriff of Washington county, together with several amendments offered thereto.

Mr. Ursity offered a substitute for the bill and amendments, "a bill for the benefit of the Sheriff of Washington county, to amend the charter of the Commonwealth." (Gives further time, till June 1st, to pay in taxes in full, but monthly payments of all collections to be made.) The substitute was amended and adopted, in lieu of the bill.

Several other amendments were offered, and considerable discussion ensued thereon, when the bill was ordered to be printed, and have its third reading at 10 o'clock, on Monday.

Mr. Ursity—Selected Committee—A bill to amend the charter of the Louisville Masonic Temple Company. Ordered to be printed and made special order for 11 o'clock, on Monday.

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